

Test Paper Code : GPAT

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 300

INSTRUCTIONS

A. General :

1. This Question Booklet is your Question Paper.
2. This Question Booklet contains 16 pages (including blank pages) and has 100 questions.
3. The Question Booklet **Code** is printed on the right-hand top corner of this page.
4. The Question Booklet contains blank sheets for your rough work. No additional sheets will be provided for rough work.
5. **Clip board, log tables, slide rule, calculator, cellular phone and electronic gadgets in any form are NOT allowed.**
6. Write your **Name** and **Registration Number** in the space provided at the bottom.
7. All answers are to be marked only on the machine gradable Optical Response Sheet (**ORS**) provided along with this booklet, as per the instructions therein.
8. The Question Booklet along with the Optical Response Sheet (**ORS**) must be handed over to the Invigilator before leaving the examination hall.

B. Filling-in the ORS :

9. Write your Registration Number in the boxes provided on the upper left-hand-side of the **ORS** and darken the appropriate bubble under each digit of your Registration Number using a **HB pencil**.
10. Ensure that the **code** on the **Question Booklet** and the **code** on the **ORS** are the same. If the codes do not match, report to the Invigilator immediately.
11. On the lower-left-hand-side of the **ORS**, write your **Name, Registration Number and Name of the Test Centre** and put your **signature** in the appropriate box with ball-point pen. Do not write these anywhere else.

C. Marking of Answers on the ORS :

12. Each question has **4 choices** for its answer : (A), (B), (C) and (D). Only **ONE** of them is the correct answer.
13. On the right-hand-side of **ORS**, for each question number, darken with a **HB Pencil ONLY** one bubble corresponding to what you consider to be the most appropriate answer, from among the four choices.
14. There will be **negative marking** for wrong answers.

MARKING SCHEME :

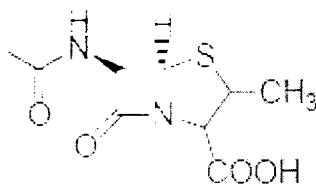
- (a) For each **correct** answer, you will be awarded **3 (Three)** marks.
- (b) For each **wrong** answer, you will be awarded **-1 (Negative one)** mark.
- (c) **Multiple** answers to a question will be treated as a **wrong** answer.
- (d) For each **un-attempted** question, you will be awarded **0 (Zero)** mark.

Name	Ganesh Kumar						
Registration Number	6	0	8	9	5	2	6

- Q.1 The vitamin essential in tissue culture medium is
(A) Pyridoxine (B) Thiamine (C) Nicotinic acid (D) Inositol
- Q.2 *Gingko biloba* is used for its
(A) Expectorant activity (B) Lipid lowering activity
(C) PAF antagonistic activity (D) Antidepressant activity
- Q.3 The amount of barbaloin present in *Aloe vera* is
(A) $\leq 1\%$ (B) 3.5 – 4% (C) 1 – 1.5% (D) 2 – 2.5%
- Q.4 Sildenafil is used for treatment of one of the following disorders :
(A) Systolic hypertension (B) Unstable angina
(C) Pulmonary hypertension (D) Hypertension due to eclampsia
- Q.5 Cardiac glycosides have the following configuration in the aglycone part of the steroid nucleus :
(A) $5\alpha, 14\alpha -$ (B) $5\alpha, 14\beta -$ (C) $5\beta, 14\alpha -$ (D) $5\beta, 14\beta -$
- Q.6 Quassia wood is adulterated with
(A) *Brucea antidysentrica* (B) *Cassia angustifolia*
(C) *Cinnamomum zeylanicum* (D) *Cephaelis ipecacuanaha*
- Q.7 Eugenol is present in
(A) Fennel (B) Tulsi (C) Cardamom (D) Coriander
- Q.8 Which one of the following drugs is prescribed for the treatment of Philadelphia chromosome positive patients with Chronic myeloid Leukemia?
(A) Pentostatin (B) Methotrexate
(C) Imatinib (D) *L*-Asparaginase
- Q.9 Which of the following monoclonal antibodies is prescribed for patients with non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma?
(A) Infliximab (B) Abciximab (C) Gemtuzumab (D) Rituximab

- Q.10 Identify the drug which is **NOT** used in the treatment of malaria caused by *Plasmodium falciparum* :
- (A) Artemisinin (B) Primaquine (C) Quinine (D) Mefloquine
- Q.11 Which one of the following drugs does **NOT** act through G-Protein coupled receptors?
- (A) Epinephrine (B) Insulin (C) Dopamine (D) TSH
- Q.12 Which one of the following drugs is most effective in preventing transmission of HIV virus from the mother to the foetus?
- (A) Lamivudine (B) Zidovudine (C) Indinavir (D) Ribavirin
- Q.13 Improvement of memory in Alzheimer's disease is brought about by drugs which increase transmission in
- (A) cholinergic receptors (B) dopaminergic receptors
(C) GABAergic receptors (D) adrenergic receptors
- Q.14 Which of the following non-opioid analgesics is a prodrug?
- (A) Piroxicam (B) Celecoxib (C) Nabumetone (D) Ketorolac
- Q.15 Which one of the following drugs is **NOT** a typical anti-psychotic agent?
- (A) Chlorpromazine (B) Haloperidol
(C) Risperidone (D) Flupentixol
- Q.16 Which one of the followings is a plasminogen activator?
- (A) Tranexamic acid (B) Streptokinase
(C) Aminocaproic acid (D) None of the above
- Q.17 Myasthenia gravis is diagnosed with improved neuromuscular function by using
- (A) Donepezil (B) Edrophonium (C) Atropine (D) Pancuronium
- Q.18 Which one of the following drugs specifically inhibits calcineurin in the activated T lymphocytes?
- (A) Daclizumab (B) Prednisone (C) Sirolimus (D) Tacrolimus
- Q.19 The chemical behaviour of morphine alkaloid is
- (A) acidic (B) basic (C) neutral (D) amphoteric

Q.20 At physiological pH the following compound would be **MOSTLY** in the



- (A) cationic form (B) unionized form
(C) zwitterionic form (D) anionic form

Q.21 Which one of the followings is used as a mood stabilizer for bipolar disorder and also in certain epileptic convulsions?

- (A) Phenytoin (B) Lithium
(C) Sodium valproate (D) Fluoxetine

Q.22 An isosteric replacement for carboxylic acid group is

- (A) pyrrole (B) isoxazole (C) phenol (D) tetrazole

Q.23 The given antibiotic is an example of ansamycins :

- (A) Roxythromycin (B) Adriamycin (C) Aureomycin (D) Rifamycin

Q.24 For glyburide, all of the following metabolic reactions are logical **EXCEPT**

- (A) O-demethylation (B) aromatic oxidation
(C) benzylic hydroxylation (D) amide hydrolysis

Q.25 The effects observed following systemic administration of levodopa in the treatment of Parkinsonism have been attributed to its catabolism to dopamine. Carbidopa, can markedly increase the proportion of levodopa that crosses the blood-brain barrier by

- (A) increasing penetration of levodopa through BBB by complexation with it
(B) decreasing peripheral metabolism of levodopa
(C) decreasing metabolism of levodopa in the CNS
(D) decreasing clearance of levodopa from the CNS

Q.26 Ethambutol molecule has

- (A) two chiral centers and 3 stereoisomers
(B) two chiral centers and 4 stereoisomers
(C) two chiral centers and 2 stereoisomers
(D) one chiral center and 2 stereoisomers

- Q.27 A compound will be sensitive towards IR radiation only when one of the following properties undergo transition on irradiation :
- (A) Polarizability (B) Dielectric constant
(C) Dipole moment (D) Refractivity
- Q.28 X-ray crystallographic analysis of an optically active compound determines its
- (A) Optical rotatory dispersive power (B) Absolute configuration
(C) Relative configuration (D) Optical purity
- Q.29 Which one of the following statements is **WRONG**?
- (A) A singlet or triplet state may result when one of the electrons from the HOMO is excited to higher energy levels
(B) In an excited singlet state, the spin of the electron in the higher energy orbital is paired with the electron in the ground state orbital
(C) Triplet excited state is more stable than the singlet excited state
(D) When the electron from the singlet excited state returns to ground state, the molecule always shows fluorescence phenomenon
- Q.30 Aminotransferases usually require the following for their activity :
- (A) Niacinamide (B) Vitamin B₁₂
(C) Pyridoxal phosphate (D) Thiamine
- Q.31 Purity of water can be assessed by determining one of its following properties instrumentally :
- (A) pH (B) Refractivity (C) Viscosity (D) Conductivity
- Q.32 Which one of the following statements is **WRONG**?
- (A) Carbon NMR is less sensitive than proton NMR
(B) ¹²C nucleus is not magnetically active
(C) Both ¹³C and ¹H have same spin quantum numbers
(D) The gyromagnetic ratio of ¹H is lesser than that of ¹³C
- Q.33 In the TCA cycle, at which of the following enzyme-catalyzed steps, incorporation of elements of water into an intermediate of the cycle takes place :
- (A) Citrate synthase (B) Aconitase
(C) Maleate dehydrogenase (D) Succinyl Co-A synthase

- Q.34 Humectants added in cosmetic preparations generally act by
(A) hydrogen bond formation (B) covalent bond formation
(C) complex formation (D) the action of London forces
- Q.35 In the mixing of thymol and menthol the following type of incompatibility occurs :
(A) Chemical incompatibility (B) Therapeutic incompatibility
(C) Physical incompatibility (D) Tolerance incompatibility
- Q.36 Bloom strength is used to check the quality of
(A) Lactose (B) Ampoules
(C) Hardness of tablets (D) Gelatin
- Q.37 The characteristic of non-linear pharmacokinetics include :
(A) Area under the curve is proportional to the dose
(B) Elimination half-life remains constant
(C) Area under the curve is not proportional to the dose
(D) Amount of drug excreted through remains constant
- Q.38 In the Drugs and Cosmetics Act and Rules, the Schedule relating to GMP is
(A) Schedule M (B) Schedule C (C) Schedule Y (D) Schedule H
- Q.39 Thioglycolic acid-like compounds have applications in following type of cosmetic formulations :
(A) Depilatory preparations (B) Epilatory preparations
(C) Vanishing creams (D) Skin tan preparations
- Q.40 Which one of the following is a flocculating agent for a negatively charged drug?
(A) Aluminium chloride (B) Bentonite
(C) Tragacanth (D) Sodium biphosphate
- Q.41 The healing agent used in hand creams is
(A) soft paraffin (B) urea
(C) bees wax (D) stearyl alcohol
- Q.42 Measurement of inulin renal clearance is a measure for
(A) Effective renal blood flow (B) Renal drug excretion rate
(C) Active renal secretion (D) Glomerular filtration rate

- Q.43 Highly branched three dimensional macromolecules with controlled structures with all bonds originating from a central core are known as
(A) cyclodextrins (B) dextrans (C) dendrimers (D) liposomes
- Q.44 Which one of the following is the commonly used bulking agent in the formulation of freeze dried low dose drug products?
(A) Sodium chloride (B) Mannitol
(C) Starch (D) HPMC
- Q.45 The applicability of Noyes-Whitney equation is to describe
(A) First order kinetics (B) Zero order kinetics
(C) Mixed order kinetics (D) Dissolution rate
- Q.46 Which filler can **NOT** be used for the preparation of tablets for amine containing basic drugs to avoid discoloration of the tablets?
(A) Dicalcium phosphate (B) Microcrystalline cellulose
(C) Starch (D) Lactose
- Q.47 The ability of human eye using illuminated area to detect a particle is limited to
(A) 0.4 micron (B) 25 micron (C) 50 micron (D) 10 micron
- Q.48 What quantities of 95 % v/v and 45 % v/v alcohols are to be mixed to make 800 mL of 65 % v/v alcohol?
(A) 480 mL of 95 % and 320 mL of 45 % alcohol
(B) 320 mL of 95 % and 480 mL of 45 % alcohol
(C) 440 mL of 95 % and 360 mL of 45 % alcohol
(D) 360 mL of 95 % and 440 mL of 45 % alcohol
- Q.49 The role of borax in cold creams is
(A) anti-microbial agent
(B) to provide fine particles to polish skin
(C) *in-situ* emulsifier
(D) antioxidant

- Q.50 Choose the right combination:
- (A) Quinine, antimalarial, isoquinoline alkaloid
 - (B) Reserpine, antihypertensive, indole alkaloid
 - (C) Quantitative microscopy, stomatal number, myrrh
 - (D) Palmitic acid, salicylic acid, fatty acids
- Q.51 Triterpenoids are active constituents of
- (A) Jaborandi
 - (B) Rhubarb
 - (C) Stramonium
 - (D) Brahmi
- Q.52 Alkaloids are **NOT** precipitated by
- (A) Mayer's reagent
 - (B) Dragendorff's reagent
 - (C) Picric acid
 - (D) Millon's reagent
- Q.53 Anisocytic stomata are present in
- (A) Senna
 - (B) Digitalis
 - (C) Belladonna
 - (D) Coca
- Q.54 *Bacopa monnieri* plant belongs to the family
- (A) Scrophulariaceae
 - (B) Leguminosae
 - (C) Polygalaceae
 - (D) Rubiaceae
- Q.55 Tropane alkaloids are **NOT** present in
- (A) *Datura stramonium*
 - (B) *Erythroxylum coca*
 - (C) *Duboisia myoporoides*
 - (D) *Lobelia inflata*
- Q.56 Guggul lipids are obtained from
- (A) *Commiphora molmol*
 - (B) *Boswellia serrata*
 - (C) *Commiphora wightii*
 - (D) *Commiphora abyssinica*
- Q.57 An example of N-glycoside is
- (A) Adenosine
 - (B) Sinigrin
 - (C) Rhein-8-glucoside
 - (D) Aloin
- Q.58 One mg of Lycopodium spores used in quantitative microscopy contains an average of
- (A) 94,000 spores
 - (B) 92,000 spores
 - (C) 90,000 spores
 - (D) 91,000 spores

- Q.59 Select the correct combination of drugs for the treatment of patients suffering from Hepatitis C :
- (A) Interferon with Ribavirin (B) Interferon with Zidovudine
(C) Interferon with Stavudine (D) Interferon with Lamivudine
- Q.60 Aliskiren acts by
- (A) inhibiting the conversion of Angiotensin I to II
(B) inhibiting the release of rennin
(C) inhibiting the binding of Angiotensin II to the receptor
(D) inhibiting the action of aldosterone
- Q.61 Digitalis toxicity is enhanced by co-administration of
- (A) Potassium (B) Quinidine (C) Diuretics (D) Antacids
- Q.62 The rate limiting step in cholesterol biosynthesis is one of the followings :
- (A) LDL-receptor concentration (B) VLDL secretion
(C) Mevalonic acid formation (D) Co-enzyme A formation
- Q.63 Which one of the following drugs is withdrawn from the market due to *torsade de pointes*?
- (A) Chlorpromazine (B) Astemizole
(C) Haloperidol (D) Domperidone
- Q.64 Ganciclovir is mainly used for the treatment of infection caused by
- (A) Cytomegalovirus (B) Candida albicans
(C) Herpes zoster virus (D) Hepatitis B virus
- Q.65 Identify the one rational combination which has clinical benefit :
- (A) Norfloxacin - Metronidazole (B) Alprazolam - Paracetamol
(C) Cisapride - Omeprazole (D) Amoxicillin - Clavulanic acid
- Q.66 Stevens Johnson syndrome is the most common adverse effect associated with one of the following category of drugs :
- (A) Sulphonamides (B) Macrolides
(C) Penicillins (D) Tetracyclines

- Q.67 Amitriptyline is synthesized from the following starting material :
- (A) Phthalic anhydride (B) Terephthalic acid
(C) Phthalamic acid (D) Phthalimide
- Q.68 The common structural feature amongst the three categories of anticonvulsant drugs barbiturates, succinimides and hydantoins is
- (A) ureide (B) imidazolidinone
(C) dihydropyrimidine (D) tetrahydropyrimidine
- Q.69 Nicotinic action of acetylcholine is blocked by the drug
- (A) Atropine (B) Carvedilol
(C) Neostigmine (D) *d*-Tubocurarine
- Q.70 Chemical nomenclature of procaine is
- (A) 2-Diethylaminoethyl 4-aminobenzoate
(B) N,N-Diethyl 4-aminobenzoate
(C) 4-Aminobenzamidoethyl amine
(D) 4-Amino-2-diethylaminoethyl benzoate
- Q.71 Barbiturates with substitution at the following position possess acceptable hypnotic activity :
- (A) 1,3-Disubstitution (B) 5,5-Disubstitution
(C) 1,5-Disubstitution (D) 3,3-Disubstitution
- Q.72 Selective serotonin reuptake inhibitor is
- (A) Imipramine (B) Iproniazide (C) Fluoxetine (D) Naphazoline
- Q.73 Proton pump inhibitors like omeprazole and lansoprazole contain the following ring system :
- (A) Pyrimidine (B) Benzimidazole (C) Benzothiazole (D) Oxindole
- Q.74 A metabolite obtained from *Aspergillus terreus* that can bind very tightly to HMG CoA reductase enzyme is
- (A) Fluvastatin (B) Cerivastatin (C) Lovastatin (D) Somatostatin

- Q.75 Cyclophosphamide as anticancer agent acts as
(A) alkylating agent before metabolism (B) alkylating agent after metabolism
(C) phosphorylating agent after metabolism (D) DNA intercalating agent
- Q.76 Artemisinin contains the following group in its structure :
(A) an endoperoxide (B) an exoperoxide
(C) an epoxide (D) an acid hydrazide
- Q.77 Indicate the HPLC detector that is most sensitive to change in temperature :
(A) PDA detector (B) Refractive Index detector
(C) Electrochemical detector (D) Fluorescence detector
- Q.78 One of the following statements is **NOT** true :
(A) Accuracy expresses the correctness of measurement
(B) Precision represents reproducibility of measurement
(C) High degree of precision implies high degree of accuracy also
(D) High degree of accuracy implies high degree of precision also
- Q.79 In thiazides following substituent is essential for diuretic activity :
(A) Chloro group at position 6 (B) Methyl group at position 2
(C) Sulphamoyl group at position 7 (D) Hydrophobic group at position 3
- Q.80 Streptomycin can **NOT** be given orally for treatment of tuberculosis because
(A) it gets degraded in the GIT (B) it causes severe diarrhoea
(C) it causes metallic taste in the mouth (D) it is not absorbed from the GIT
- Q.81 In organic molecules, fluorescence seldom results from absorption of UV radiation of wavelengths lower than
(A) 350 nm (B) 200 nm (C) 300 nm (D) 250 nm
- Q.82 Glass transition temperature is detected through
(A) X-Ray diffractometry (B) Solution calorimetry
(C) Differential scanning calorimetry (D) Thermogravimetric analysis
- Q.83 In Gas-Liquid Chromatography, some of the samples need to be derivatized in order to increase their
(A) volatility (B) solubility
(C) thermal conductivity (D) polarizability

- Q.84 Oxidative phosphorylation involves
(A) Electron transport system
(B) Substrate level phosphorylation
(C) Reaction catalyzed by succinic thiokinase in TCA cycle
(D) None of the above
- Q.85 Coulter counter is used in determination of
(A) particle surface area (B) particle size
(C) particle volume (D) all of A, B, C
- Q.86 Drugs following one compartment open model pharmacokinetics eliminate
(A) bi-exponentially (B) tri-exponentially
(C) non-exponentially (D) mono-exponentially
- Q.87 The temperature condition for storage of drug products under cold temperature is given as :
(A) temperature between 8°C and 25°C (B) temperature below 2°C
(C) temperature at 0°C (D) temperature between 2°C and 8°C
- Q.88 Many xenobiotics are oxidized by cytochrome P₄₅₀ in order to
(A) increase their biological activity
(B) increase their disposition in lipophilic compartments of the body
(C) increase their aqueous solubility
(D) all of the above
- Q.89 The following protein/polypeptide has a quaternary structure :
(A) α-Chymotrypsin (B) Hemoglobin
(C) Insulin (D) Myoglobin
- Q.90 Drugs in suspensions and semi-solid formulations always degrade by
(A) first order kinetics (B) second order kinetics
(C) zero order kinetics (D) non-linear kinetics
- Q.91 In nail polish, following polymer is used as a film-former :
(A) Nitrocellulose (B) Polylactic acid
(C) Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose (D) Cellulose acetate phthalate
- Q.92 Rabies vaccine (living) is prepared using
(A) Sheep blood (B) Mice lymph (C) Horse plasma (D) Fertile eggs

- Q.93 A drug (200 mg dose administered in tablet form and as intravenous injection (50 mg dose) showed AUC of 100 and 200 microgram hr/mL, respectively. The absolute availability of the drug through oral administration is :
- (A). 125 % (B) 250 % (C) 12.5 % (D) 1.25 %
- Q.94 Geriatric population should be included in the following Phase of clinical trials
- (A) Phase I (B) Phase II (C) Phase III (D) Phase IV
- Q.95 Class 100 area is referred to
- (A). Manufacturing area (B) Aseptic area
(C) Clean room (D) Ware house
- Q.96 How many mL of a 1:500 w/v stock solution should be used to make 5 liters of 1:2000 w/v solution?
- (A) 750 mL (B) 1000 mL (C), 1250 mL (D) 1500 mL
- Q.97 The Volume of distribution of a drug administered at a dose of 300 mg and exhibiting 30 microgram/mL instantaneous concentration in plasma shall be
- (A) 10 L (B) 100 L (C) 1.0 L (D) 0.10 L
- Q.98 It is required to maintain a therapeutic concentration of 10 microgram/mL for 12 hours of a drug having half life of 1.386 hr and Vd of 5 L. The dose required in a sustained release product will be
- (A) 600 mg (B) 300 mg (C) 30 mg (D) 60 mg
- Q.99 Which one of the following is **NOT** an ex-officio member of Pharmacy Council of India?
- (A) The Director General of Health Services
(B) The Director of Central Drugs Laboratory
(C) The Drugs Controller General of India
(D). The Director of Pharmacopoeia Laboratory
- Q.100 In which of the following techniques the sample is kept below triple point?
- (A) Lyophilization (B) Spray drying
(C). Spray congealing (D) Centrifugation

End of the paper

GPAT-14/16

GPAT 2011 Answer Key

Q.1 Quinoline alkaloids are biosynthesized via which one of the following pathways?

- (A) Shikimic acid - tyrosine (B) Shikimic acid - tryptophan (C) Shikimic acid - cathinone (D) Shikimic acid - phenylalanine

Answer: B

Q.2 Khellin is an active constituent of which one of the following plants?

- (A) Prunus serena (B) Tribulus terrestris (C) Ammi visnaga (D) Vanilla planifolia

Answer: C

Q.3 Which one of the following compounds is useful for the stimulation of cell division and release of lateral bud dormancy?

- (A) Zeatin (B) 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (C) Indoleacetic acid (D) Picloram

Answer: A

Q.4 A powdered drug has the following microscopic characters:

Anther cells, parenchyma, pollen grains, phloem fibers, volatile oil cells and stone cells. The powder is obtained from which of the followings?

- (A) Clove bud powder (B) Clove bud powder with stalk (C) Mother Clove (D) None of the above

Answer: B

Q.5 Which of the following ergot alkaloids is water soluble and shows blue fluorescence?

- (A) Ergosine (B) Ergotamine (C) Ergocristine (D) Ergometrine

Answer: D

Q.6 Goldbeater's skin test is used to detect the presence of which one of the following classes of compounds?

- (A) Tannins (B) Steroids (C) Glycerides (D) Resins

Answer: A

Q.7 Phenylethylisoquinoline is the precursor of which of the following alkaloids?

- (A) Colchicine (B) Papaverine (C) Emetine (D) Cephaline

Answer: A

Q.8 Arrange the following fatty acids in decreasing order of their unsaturation (highest to lowest):

[P] Stearic [Q] Oleic acid [R] Linolenic acid [S] Linoleic acid

- (A) P>Q>R>S (B) S>R>P>Q (C) R>S>Q>P (D) Q>P>R>S

Answer: C

Q.9 Each Of the following options lists a phytoconstituent, its phytochemical grouping, pharmacological activity and corresponding semisynthetic analogue. Find a **MISMATCHING** option.

- (A) Podophyllotoxin, lignan, anticancer, etoposide
(B) Sennoside, anthraquinone, laxative, sinigrin
(C) Atropine, alkaloid, anticholinergic, homatropine
(D) THC, terpenophenolic, psychoactive, nabilone

Answer: B

Q.10 Which of the following mechanisms is NOT related to platelet aggregation inhibitory action?

- (A) ADP receptor antagonism (B) Glycoprotein IIb/IIIa receptor antagonism (C) Phosphodiesterase inhibition (D) Prostacyclin inhibition

Answer: C

Q.11 Which of the following species is being inactivated by the enzyme Dipeptidyl peptidase-4?

- (A) Oxytocin (B) Vasopressin (C) Incretin (D) Glucagon

Answer: D

Q.12 Two genetic types of Cannabis i.e. drug type and Hemp type are cultivated.

[P] Drug type cannabis is rich in (-)A-trans-tetrahydrocannabinol .

[Q] Hemp type cannabis is rich in cannabidiol

[R] Drug type cannabis is rich in cannabidiol -

[S] Hemp type cannabis contains elongated bast fibres

Which one of the given statements is correct?

- (A) P is true, Q is true, R is true, S is true
(B) P is true, Q is false, R is false, S is true
(C) P is true, Q is true, R is false, S is true
(D) P is false, Q is false, R is true, S is false

Answer: C

Q.13 Inhibition/induction of which of the following Cytochrome P450enzyme system is most likely to be involved in important drug-druginteractions?

- (A) CYP3A4 (B) CYP2D6 (C) CYP2C9 (D) CYP1A2

Answer: A

Q.14 Choose the correct statement about the given four diseases?

[P] Cardiomyopathy [Q] Rheumatoid arthritis

[R] Myasthenia gravis [S] Ulcerative colitis

- (A) Q & S are autoimmune disorders
(B) P & Q are autoimmune disorders
(C) P & R are not autoimmune disorders
(D) R & S are not autoimmune disorders

Answer: A

Q.15 Most of the emergency contraceptives have one of the following active ingredients?

- (A) Estradiol (B) Norethindron (C) Misoprostol (D) Levonorgesterel

Answer: D

Q.16 Antiretroviral Raltegravir is unique, because of which of its following actions?

- (A) Integrase inhibition (C) CCR5 Co-receptor antagonism (C) Fusion inhibition
(D) Reverse transcriptase inhibition

Answer: A

Q.17 Which one of the followings is NOT an example of G-protein coupled receptor?

- (A) Muscarinic cholinergic receptor (B) Alpha adrenoceptor (C) Nicotinic cholinergic receptor (D) Beta adrenoceptor

Answer: C

Q.18 Which of the following statements is FALSE for artemisinin?

- (A) It is a sesquiterpene lactone endoperoxide
- (B) It is a drug of choice in prophylaxis of malaria
- (C) It does not cure relapsing malaria
- (D) It is useful in treatment of cerebral falciparum malaria

Answer: B

Q.19 Which of the following antibiotics produces concentration dependent bactericidal action and also possesses post-antibiotic effect?

- (A) Ceftazidime
- (B) Azithromycin
- (C) Amikacin
- (D) Piperacillin

Answer: C

Q.20 What is chemotaxis?

- (A) Toxicity of chemicals
- (B) Taxonomy of chemicals
- (C) Inhibition of Inflammation
- (D) Movement of leucocytes in inflammation

Answer: D

Q.21 Which of the followings used in the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis is NOT a biologic response modifier?

- (A) Anakinra
- (B) Leflunomide
- (C) Etanercept
- (D) Infliximab

Answer: B

Q.22 Which of the followings is a noncompetitive inhibitor of the enzyme reverse transcriptase in HIV?

- (A) Lamivudine
- (B) Nevirapine
- (C) Abacavir
- (D) Tenofovir

Answer: B

Q.23 Which one of the followings is a beta lactamase inhibitor?

- (A) Penicillanic acid
- (B) Emmonic acid
- (C) Cephalosporanic acid
- (D) Clavulanic acid

Answer: D

Q.24 Neural tube defects may occur by which one of the following anti-seizure drugs?

- (A) Ethosuximide
- (B) Vigabatrin
- (C) Valproic acid
- (D) Primidone

Answer: C

Q.25 Which one of the following drying methods is commonly used in pharma industry for drjing of soft shell capsules?

- (A) Truck drying
- (B) Fluid bed drying
- (C) Vacuum drying
- (D) Microwave drying

Answer: C

Q.26 If C is the concentration of dissolved drug and C_s is the saturation concentration. In which case the sink conditions are said to be maintained?

- (A) $C < 20\%$ of C_s (B) $C > 20\%$ of C_s (C) $C < 10\%$ of C_s (D) $C > 10\%$ of C_s

Answer: C

Q.27 All of the followings are indications for use of ACE inhibitors EXCEPT for one. Identify that.

- (A) Hypertension (B) Myocardial infarction
(C) Left ventricular dysfunction (D) Pheochromocytoma

Answer: D

Q.28 Which water is used for hand washing in a change room of pharmaceutical manufacturing plant?

- (A) Potable water (B) Purified water
(C) Disinfectant water (D) Soap water

Answer: A

Q.29 Which one of the followings does NOT afford a macromolecular inclusion compound?

- (A) Zeolites (B) Dextrins (C) Silica gels (D) Cyclodextrins

Answer: C

Q.30 Which condition does not apply as per Indian law while conducting single dose bioavailability study of an immediate release product?

- (A) Sampling period should be at least three $t_{1/2}$ ei
(B) Sampling should represent pre-exposure, peak exposure and post-exposure phases
(C) There should be at least four sampling points during elimination phase
(D) Sampling should be continued till measured AUC is at least equal to 80% of AUC

Answer: C

Q.31 Which of the following isotherms are produced when the heat of condensation of successive layers is more than the heat of adsorption of first layer?

- (A) Type III and IV
(B) Type II and V
(C) Type I and III
(D) Type III and V

Answer: D

Q.32 The minimal effective flow rate of air in Luminar Flow hood should be not less than how many cubic feet per minute?

- (A) 10 (B) 50 (C) 100 (D) 1000

Answer: C

Q.33 Which of the following pumps is used in handling of corrosive liquids?

- (A) Turbine pump (B) Volute Pump (C) Air binding pump (D) Baltic pump

Answer: D

Q.34 Convert 90% v/v alcohol to Proof strength. Choose the correct answer.

- (A) 57.77° under proof (B) 57.77° over proof
(C) 47.41° over proof (D) 47.41° under proof

Answer: B

Q.35 What is the Heat of vaporization of water at 100:

- (A) 2790 cal/ mole (B) 7290 cal / mole
(C) 7920 cal/mole (D) 9720 cal/mole

Answer: D

Q.36 Which of the followings act as a non-ionic emulsifying agent?

- (A) Triethanolamine oleate
(B) Polyoxyethylene sorbitan monooleate
(C) N-Cetyl-N-ethylmorpholinium ethosulfate
(D) Dioctyl sulphosuccinate

Answer: B

Q.37 Which of the following Schedules include shelf life of drugs?

- (A) Schedule F (B) Schedule M (C) Schedule G (D) Schedule P

Answer: D

Q.38 By addition of which of the followings the shells of soft gelatin capsules may be made elastic?

- (A) Polyethylene glycol (B) Sorbitol
(C) Propylene glycol (D) Dibutyl phthalate

Answer: B

Q.39 Department of Transport Test (DOT) is performed for which of the followings?

- (A) Strip packing (B) Aerosols
(C) Injection packing (D) Glass containers

Answer: B

Q.40 How many mL of 50% (w/v) dextrose solution and how many mL of 5% (w/v) dextrose solution are required to prepare 4500 mL of a 10% (w/v) solution?

- (A) 500 mL of 50% and 4000 mL of 5%
(B) 1000 mL of 50% and 3500 mL of 5%
(C) 4000 mL of 50% and 500 mL of 5%
(D) 1500 mL of 50% and 3000 mL of 5%

Answer: A

Q.41 P-Glycoprotein pump is responsible for which one of the followings?

- (A) Transporting the drugs from the enterocytes into the gut lumen
(B) Transporting the drugs from gut lumen into enterocytes
(C) Transporting the drugs from oral mucosa into blood capillaries
(D) Transporting the drugs from Peyer's patches into the gut lumen.

Answer: A

Q.42 The first stage of wetting on addition of a granulating agent to the powders is characterized by which one of the followings?

- (A) Capillary state (B) Pendular state
(C) Funicular state (D) Droplet state

Answer: A

Q.43 The degree of flocculation of a suspension is 1.5 and the sedimentation volume is 0.75. What will be the ultimate volume of deflocculated suspension?

- (A) 2.0 (B) 1.5 (C) 0.75 (D) 0.5

Answer: A

Q.44 A drug is administered to a 65 Kg patient as 500 mg tablets every 4 hours. Half- life of the drug is 3 h, volume of distribution is 2 liter/Kg and oral bioavailability of the drug is 0.85. Calculate the steady state concentration of the drug?

- (A) 5.05mcg/ml (B) 4.50 mcg/ml (C) 3.53 mcg/ml (D) 3.00 mcg/ml

Answer: D

Q.45 Statement [X] : Hofmeister series grades coagulating power of electrolytes as per their ionic size.

Statement [Y] : The relative coagulating power is given by:

[P] $Al^{+++} > Ba^{++}$ [Q] $Li^- > F^-$ [R] $NH_4^+ > Na^+$ Choose the correct statement :

- (A) Statement X is true but P, Q and R are false in Statement Y
(B) Statement X is false and P, Q and R are false in Statement Y
(C) Statement X is true and Q and R are false in Statement Y
(D) Statement X is false and P is false in Statement Y

Answer: D

Q.46 Larger values of K_y in the Heckel Plot indicate formation of what quality of tablets?

- (A) Harder tablets (B) Softer tablets
(C) Fluffy tablets (D) Brittle tablets

Answer: A

Q.47 Which is NOT applicable to protein binding?

- (A) Klotz reciprocal plot (B) Sandberg modified equation
(C) Blanchard equation (D) Detli plot

Answer: D

Q.48 According to USP, the speed regulating device of the dissolution apparatus should be capable of maintaining the speed within limits of what % of the selected speed?

- (A) 1% (B) 2% (C) 4% (D) 5%

Answer: C

Q.49 Which statement is NOT true for steam distillation?

- (A) It is also called differential distillation
(B) It can be used for separation of immiscible liquids -
(C) It can be applied for volatile substances

(D) It can be used for separation of miscible liquids

Answer: D

Q.50 What is Primogel?

- (A) Substituted HPMC for direct compression
- (B) Modified microcrystalline cellulose for direct compression
- (C) Hydro gelling polymer for gel formation
- (D) Modified starch for disintegration

Answer: D

Q.51 Statement [P] : Soft gelatin capsules contain 12-15 % moisture.

Statement [Q] : Hard gelatin capsule shells contain 6-10 % moisture.

Choose the correct statement?

- (A) Both of the above statements P & Q are true
- (B) Both of the above statements P & Q are false
- (C) Statement P is true and Q is false
- (D) Statement P is false and Q is true

Answer: B

Q.52 A drug whose solubility is 1 g/L in water, when given orally at a dose of 500 mg is absorbed upto 95% of the administered dose. The drug belongs to which class according to the BCS classification?

- (A) Class I (B) Class II (C) Class III (D) Class IV

Answer: B

Q.53 The area of clear opening of any two successive sieves according to Tyler standard is in the ratio of,

- (A) 1 : 4 (B) 1 : 6 (C) 1 : $\sqrt{2}$ (D) 1 : $\sqrt{3}$

Answer: C

Q.54 Iodine-131 as sodium iodide solution is used as a radiopharmaceutical for diagnostic and therapeutic purposes. Its usage is dependent on the release of the following emissions:

[P] Alpha particles [Q] Positrons [R] Beta emission [S] Gamma radiation

Choose the correct combination of statements?

- (A) R&S (B) Q&S (C) P&R (D) P&S

Answer: C

Q.55 Alkenes show typical electrophilic addition reactions. If an electronwithdrawing group is attached to one of the carbons bearing the double bond, what will happen to the mechanism of the addition reaction?

- (A) It remains electrophilic (B) It becomes free radical addition
- (C) It becomes pericyclic reaction (D) It becomes nucleophilic

Answer: A

Q.56 Five-membered heteroaromatic compounds show a much higher rate of electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions than the six-membered ones. This is due to which one of the following reasons?

- (A) Five-membered heteroaromatic compounds have higher circulating electrondensity in the ring than the six-membered ones
- (B) Five-membered heteroaromatic compounds have lower circulating electron density in the ring than the six-membered ones
- (C) Five-membered rings are smaller in size than the six membered ones which affects their reaction rates
- (D) Six membered heteroaromatic rings are flat while the five-membered ones are puckered

Answer: A

Q.57 Arrange the following Lowry-Bronsted acids into their decreasing order of acidity (highest to lowest)?

[P] C₂H₅OH [Q] H₃C-C₆H₅ [R] H₂O [S] CH₃NH₂

- (A) R>P>Q>S (B) P>R>Q>S (C) P>Q>R>S (D) R>Q>P>S

Answer: A

Q.58 Aprotic polar solvents increase the rate of SN₂ reactions manifold. Enhancement in the rate of such reactions is due to which one of the following effects?

- (A) Solvation of the anion by the solvent leaving the cation unaffected
- (B) Solvation of both of the ionic species
- (C) Desolvation of the cation and solvation of the anion
- (D) Solvation of the cation by the solvent leaving the anion unaffected

Answer: D

Q.59 In context of complexometry (complexometric titrations), the two terms labile and inert complexes, are used frequently. Choose the correct statement about them?

- (A) Labile complexes are formed instantly while inert complexes take hours or days in their formation
- (B) Labile complexes take much longer time in formation than inert complexes
- (C) Labile complexes get hydrolyzed in water immediately while inert complexes are stable in water
- (D) Labile complexes get decomposed on mild heating in aqueous solutions while inert complexes do not decompose

Answer: C

Q.60 In colorimetric estimation of a drug, the following sequence of reactions is carried out: treatment of the aqueous solution of the drug with sodium nitrite solution in acidic medium followed by addition of sulphamic acid and then treatment with N-(1-naphthyl)ethylene- diamine in slightly basic medium to obtain a pink colour; which is measured at a fixed wavelength to correlate the quantity of the drug with the optical density. Identify the drug under estimation?

- (A) Streptomycin sulphate
- (B) Thiamine hydrochloride
- (C) Dexamethasone
- (D) Sulphamethoxazole

Answer: D

Q.61 In the electrochemical series, the standard reduction potentials of copper and zinc are + 0.337 V and - 0.763 V, respectively. If the half cells of both of these metals are connected externally to each other through an external circuit and a salt bridge, which one of the

following processes will take place?

- (A) Zinc metal electrode will start dissolving in solution while copper ions will start depositing on the copper electrode.
- (B) Copper metal electrode will start dissolving in solution while zinc ions will start depositing on the zinc electrode
- (C) Both of the metal electrodes will start dissolving in the solution
- (D) Both types of ions will start depositing on their respective electrodes

Answer: A

Q.62 Indicators used in complexometric titrations are chelating agents. Choose the correct statement about them?

- (A) Indicator-metal ion complex should have higher stability than EDTA-Metal ion complex
- (B) Indicator-metal ion complex should have lower stability than EDTA-Metal ion complex
- (C) Indicator-metal ion complex should have equal stability as EDTA-Metal ion complex
- (D) Stability of the indicator-metal ion complex is not an important criterion in complexometric titrations

Answer: B

Q.63 Name the compound used for standardization of Karl-Fisher reagent in aquametry?

- (A) Sodium tartrate dihydrate
- (B) Copper sulphate pentahydrate
- (C) Sodium iodide
- (D) Sodium thiosulphate

Answer: A

Q.64 The following statements are given:

[P] Conformational isomers are interconvertible by rotation around a single bond while configurational isomers cannot be interconverted without breaking a bond.

[Q] Configurational isomers could be optically active or optically inactive while conformational isomers are optically inactive

[R] Geometric isomers must have a double bond in their structures

[S] Geometric and optical isomers are the two distinct categories of configurational isomers.

Choose the correct combination of statements.

- (A) P, Q & S are true while R is false
- (B) P, R & S are true while Q is false
- (C) Q, R & S are true while P is false
- (D) P, Q & R are true while S is false

Answer: B

Q.65 Determine the correctness or otherwise of the following Assertion (a) and the Reason (r):

Assertion (a): Formaldehyde and benzaldehyde both undergo Cannizzaro reaction while acetaldehyde and phenylacetaldehyde undergo Aldol condensation.

Reason (r) : Aldehydes can undergo both Cannizzaro as well as Aldol condensation while ketones undergo only Cannizzaro reaction.

- (A) Both (a) and (r) are false
- (B) (a) is true but (r) is false
- (C) (a) is false but (r) is true
- (D) Both (a) and (r) are true

Answer: B

Q.66 Choose the correct statement for writing the sequence of amino acids in a polypeptide?

- (A) Amino terminal is to be written on the left hand side while the carboxyl terminal is to be written on the right hand side
- (B) Carboxyl terminal is to be written on the left hand side while the amino terminal is to be written on the right hand side
- (C) Any of the amino acid terminals can be written on any sides but it is to be mentioned by specifying the amino terminal and the carboxyl terminal in abbreviations
- (D) It varies from author to author how the sequence of amino acids in a polypeptide is to be written

Answer: A

Q.67 A carbocation will NOT show one of the following properties. Choose that.

- (A) Accept an electron to give a carbene
- (B) Eliminate a proton to afford an alkene
- (C) Combine with a negative ion
- (D) Abstract a hydride ion to form an alkane

Answer: A

Q.68 Choose the FALSE statement for E₂ mechanism in elimination reactions?

- (A) These reactions are accompanied by rearrangements
- (B) These reactions show a large hydrogen isotope effect.
- (C) These reactions show a large element effect
- (D) These reactions are not accompanied by hydrogen exchange

Answer: A

Q.69 Polyamine polystyrene resins belong to which category of ion-exchange resins?

- (A) Strongly Acidic Cation Exchange Resins
- (B) Strongly Basic Anion Exchange Resins
- (C) Weakly Acidic Cation Exchange Resins
- (D) Weakly Basic Anion Exchange Resins

Answer: D

Q.70 Which amongst the following auxochromes produces a shift towards higher energy wave length?

- (A) -CH₃ (B) -NHCH₃ (C) -Cl (D) -C=O

Answer: B

Q.71 Chloroform is stored in dark colored bottles because it is oxidized in presence of light and air to a toxic compound. Identify that.

- (A) CH₂Cl₂ (B) COCl₂ (C) CO (D) CCl₄

Answer: B

Q.72 Given are the four statements about NMR:

- [P] ¹³CMR is a less sensitive technique than PMR [Q] Both ¹³C and ¹H have I=1/2
 - [R] Precessional frequency of the nucleus is directly proportional to the applied magnetic field
 - [S] Deuterium exchange studies can be performed to ascertain protons attached to heteroatoms.
- Choose the correct combination of statements.

- (A) P, Q & R are true while S is false (B) R, S & Q are true while P is false
(C) S, P & Q are true while R is false (D) All are true

Answer: D

Q.73 Discrepancies in potential measurements involving factors like 'alkaline error' and 'asymmetry potential' are associated with which of the following electrodes?

- (A) Hydrogen electrode (B) Quinhydrone electrode
(C) Saturated calomel electrode (D) Glass Electrode

Answer: A

Q.74 What is the wavenumber equivalent of 400 nm wavelength?

- (A) 0.0025 cm⁻¹ (B) 0.25 cm⁻¹ (C) 2500 cm⁻¹ (D) 25000 cm⁻¹

Answer: D

Q.75 All of the given compounds show n → sigma* transition. Identify which one will have the highest λ_{max}?

- (A) Methanol (B) Methylamine (C) Methyl iodide (D) Methyl bromide

Answer: D

Q.76 Which of the following statements are true for ginseng root?

[P] It is among the most traded plant material of Brazil. [Q] It is obtained from Panax ginseng and Panax quinquefolium. [R] It is obtained from young plants of six months to one year age. [S] It contains derivatives of protopanaxadiol.

- (A) P&Q (B) R&S (C) Q&R (D) Q & S

Answer: D

Q.77 Which of the following alkaloids is derived from tyrosine?

- (A) Quinine (B) Morphine (C) Atropine (D) Ephedrine

Answer: B

Q.78 Anomocytic stomata, trichomes with collapsed cell and absence of calcium oxalate crystals are some of the microscopic features of which plant?

- (A) Digitalis (B) Hyoscyamus (C) Mentha (D) Senna

Answer: A

Q.79 A glycoalkaloid,

[P] contains sulphur in addition to nitrogen in its molecule.

[Q] is glycosidic in nature.

[R] can be hydrolysed to an alkaloid.

[S] always contains endocyclic nitrogen in its molecule.

Choose the correct option.

- (A) P&R (B) Q&S (C) Q&R (D) P&Q

Answer: B

Q.80 Which of the following drugs is a triterpenoid containing root?

- (A) Valerian (B) Brahmi (C) Satavari (D) Adusa

Answer: A

Q.81 The following options carry the name of the plant, part used and its family. Find a **WRONG** combination.

- (A) Aegle marmelos, fruit & Rutaceae
- (B) Conium maculatum, fruit & Umbelliferae
- (C) Glycyrrhiza glabra, root and stolon & Leguminosae
- (D) Strophanthus gratus, seed & Scrophulariaceae

Answer: D

Q.82 Each of the following options lists the name of the drug, its class, pharmacological action and plant source. Choose an option showing a **WRONG** combination.

- (A) Asafoetida, oleo-gum-resin, anti-flatulence, Ferula foetida
- (B) Benzoin, balsam, antiseptic, Styrax benzoin
- (C) Myrrh, gum-resin, antiseptic, Commiphora wightii
- (D) Papaine, enzyme, proteolytic, Carica papaya

Answer: C

Q.83 Determine the correctness or otherwise of the following Assertion [a] and the Reason [r]:

Assertion (a) : Tannins are polyphenolic substances occurring in plant cell sap. Hydrolysable and condensed tannins are differentiated by match stick test.

Reason (r) : The condensed tannins are resistant to acid hydrolysis, therefore stain the lignin present in match stick.

- (A) Both (a) and (r) are true, and r is reason for (a)
- (B) Both (a) and (r) are true, but r is NOT the correct reason for (a)
- (C) (a) is true but (r) is NOT the correct reason for (a)
- (D) Both (a) and (r) are false

Answer: B

Q.84 In acetate mevalonate pathway geranyl pyrophosphate leads to formation of monoterpenes, the major constituents of volatile oils.

[P] Geranyl pyrophosphate contains two isoprene units

[Q] Monoterpenes have 15 carbon atoms

[R] The two isoprene units condense in head to tail fashion to give monoterpenes

[S] Isoprene unit has molecular formula of C₅ H₈.

Which one of the given statements is correct?

- (A) P is true, Q is false, R is true, S is false
- (B) P is false, Q is true, R is true, S is false
- (C) P is true, Q is true, R is false, S is true
- (D) P is true, Q is false, R is true, S is true

Answer: D

Q.85 Determine the correctness or otherwise of the following Assertion [a] and the Reason [r]:

Assertion (a) : Castor oil is soluble in alcohol and is used as purgative.

Reason (r) : The oil contains ricinoleic acid having a hydroxyl group at C-12 position which is responsible for its solubility in alcohol and its purgative action.

- (A) Both (a) and (r) are true but (r) is NOT the correct reason for (a)
- (B) (a) is true but (r) is NOT the correct reason for (a)
- (C) Both (a) and (r) are true and (r) is the correct reason for (a)
- (D) Both (a) and (r) are false

Answer: C

Q.86 Which of the following drugs does NOT induce mydriasis?

- (A) Atropine (B) Ephedrine (C) Phentolamine (D) Cocaine

Answer: C

Q.87 Which of the following beta blockers has been shown clinically to reduce mortality in patients of symptomatic heart failure?

- (A) Atenolol (B) Carvedilol (C) Propranolol (D) Esmolol

Answer: B

Q.88 Rhabdomyolysis is the side effect associated with which of the following classes of drugs?

- (A) ACE inhibitors (B) Statins
- (C) Calcium channel blockers (D) Sodium channel blockers

Answer: B

Q.89 Patients taking isosorbide mononitrate or nitroglycerine should be advised not to take sildenafil. This drug-drug interaction causes which of the following actions?

- (A) Respiratory failure (B) Severe hypotension
- (C) Prolongation of QT interval (D) Myocardial ischemia

Answer: B

Q.90 Which of the following statements is TRUE for angiotensin-II?

- (A) Causes myocyte hypertrophy
- (B) Decreases the action of sympathetic nervous system
- (C) Increases force of myocardial contraction
- (D) Decreases the synthesis and release of aldosterone

Answer: A

Q.91 All of the given four drugs cause vasodilatation. Choose the correct statement about them.

[P] Bradykinin [Q] Minoxidil [R] Acetylcholine [S] Hydralazine

- (A) P & Q cause release of nitric oxide
- (B) Q & R do not cause release of nitric oxide
- (C) R & S cause release of nitric oxide
- (D) P & S do not cause release of nitric oxide

Answer: A

Q.92 Blood level monitoring of HbA1c is important in which of the given diseased states?

- (A) Hypercholesterolemia (B) Diabetes mellitus (C) Myocardial infarction (D) Congestive heart failure

Answer: B

Q.93 Which of the following is the most effective monotherapy for raising HDL cholesterol?

- (A) Statins (B) Niacin (C) Ezetimibe (D) w-3-Fatty acids

Answer: B

Q.94 Which of the following pairs has high binding affinity for 5 α -reductase?

- (A) Letrozole and androstenedione (B) Finasteride and testolactone
(C) Finasteride and 5-DHT (D) Finasteride and testosterone

Answer: C

Q.95 Which is the molecular target for the vinca alkaloids as anticancer agents?

- (A) Tyrosine kinase (B) DNA (C) Ribosomes (D) Tubulin

Answer: D

Q.96 A 64 year old woman with a history of Type II diabetes is diagnosed with heart failure. Which of the following would be a POOR choice in controlling her diabetes?

- (A) Metformin (B) Pioglitazone (C) Glipizide (D) Exenatide

Answer: B

Q.97 Which of the following parameters from plasma concentration time profile study gives indication of the rate of drug absorption?

- (A) C_{max} (B) T_{max} (C) AUC (D) t_{1/2}

Answer: B

Q.98 Which of the following skeletal muscle relaxants acts directly on the contractile mechanism of the muscle fibers?

- (A) Pancuronium (B) Baclofen (C) Dantrolene (D) Chlorzoxazone

Answer: C

Q.99 Choose the correct pair of the neurodegenerative disorders from those given below.

- (A) Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease
(B) Schizophrenia and Mania
(C) Alzheimer's disease and Schizophrenia
(D) Parkinson's disease and Autism

Answer: A

Q.100 Mifepristone and gemeprost combination is used for medical termination of pregnancy. The action is caused due to which of the following mechanisms?

- (A) Mifepristone is an antiestrogen while gemeprost is a prostaglandin E receptor agonist.
(B) Mifepristone is an antiprogestin while gemeprost is a prostaglandin E receptor agonist.
(C) Mifepristone is an antiandrogen while gemeprost is a prostaglandin E receptor agonist.
(D) Mifepristone is an antiprogestin while gemeprost is a prostaglandin E receptor antagonist.

Answer: B

Q.101 Upon standing sometimes gel system shrinks a bit and little liquid is pressed out. What is this phenomenon known as? -

- (A) Oozing (B) Syneresis (C) Shrinking (D) Desolvation

Answer: B

Q.102 Study the following two statements and choose the correct answer: [P] Antibodies are serum proteins providing immunity.

[Q] IgG provides immunity to new born babies while IgM is the first generated antibody.

- (A) P is correct and Q is incorrect (B) P is incorrect and Q is correct
(C) Both P and Q are correct (D) Both P and Q are incorrect

Answer: C

Q.103 Non-linear pharmacokinetics can be expected due to

[P] Enzyme induction [Q] Active secretion

Choose the correct answer.

- (A) Both P and Q are true (B) P is true, Q is false
(C) Q is true, P is false (D) Both P and Q are false

Answer: A

Q.104 Which of the following statements is INCORRECT?

- (A) Chick Martin test uses organic matter in media
(B) The organism in Rideal-Walker test is *S. typhi*
(C) Rideal-Walker test uses organic matter in media
(B) The organism in Chick Martin test is *S. typhi*

Answer: C

Q.105 Which of the following routes of administration of drugs is associated with Phlebitis?

- (A) Subcutaneous (B) Intravenous (C) Intraspinal (D) Intradural

Answer: B

Q.106 Which microbe is used for validation of sterilization by filtration process?

- (A) *Bacillus stearothermophilus* (B) *Pseudomonas diminuta*
(C) *Bacillus subtilis* (D) *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*

Answer: A

Q.107 Which wavelength of the UV light provides maximum germicidal action?

- (A) 253.7 nm (B) 275.5 nm (C) 283.5 nm (D) 240.0 nm

Answer: A

Q.108 Which of the following forces contribute to stability of charge-transfer complexes?

- (A) Resonance forces
(B) Resonance and London dispersion forces
(C) Dipole-dipole interactions and London dispersion forces
(D) Resonance forces and dipole-dipole interactions

Answer: D

Q.109 Determine the correctness or otherwise of the following statements:

[P] Rheopexy is the phenomenon when a sol forms gel more readily when sheared gently. [Q] In a rheopectic system, sol is the equilibrium form.

[R] Rheopexy is a phenomenon when a sol forms gel when the material is kept at rest.

(A) [R] is true but [P] and [Q] are false (B) [P] is true but [Q] and [R] are false (C) [P], [Q] and [R], all are false (D) [P], [Q] and [R], all are true

Answer: B

Q.110 Molecules in the smectic liquid crystals are characterized by which one of the followings?

- (A) Mobility in three directions and rotation in one axis
- (B) Mobility in two directions and rotation in one axis
- (C) Mobility in two directions and no rotation
- (D) Mobility in three directions and no rotation

Answer: B

Q.111 Determine the correctness or otherwise of the following Assertion [a] and the Reason [r]:

Assertion [a] : For a pharmaceutical powder true density is greater than the granule density.

Reason [r] : Mercury displacement used for determining granule density, allows penetration of liquid into internal pores of the particles.

- (A) [a] is true but [r] is false
- (B) Both [a] and [r] are false
- (C) Both [a] and [r] are true and [r] is the correct reason for [a]
- (D) Both [a] and [r] are true but [r] is NOT the correct reason for [a]

Answer: A

Q.112 Define Plasmapheresis? Choose the correct answer.

- (A) The process of collecting plasma and returning the red blood cells concentrate to the donor
- (B) The process of collecting red blood cells concentrate and returning the plasma to the donor
- (C) The process of separating white blood cells from blood
- (D) The process of generating artificial blood plasma expanders

Answer: A

Q.113 Choose the correct sequence of Moisture Vapor Transmission Rate in packaging materials?

- (A) Paper > Aluminium foil > PVC > PVdC
- (B) Aluminium foil > PVC > PVdC > Paper
- (C) Aluminium foil > PVdC > PVC > Paper
- (D) Paper > PVC > PVdC > Aluminium foil

Answer: C

Q.114 What will be the dose required to maintain therapeutic concentration of 20 microgram/ml for 24 hr of a drug exhibiting total clearance of 2 L/hr?

- (A) 96 mg (B) 480 mg (C) 960 mg (D) 48 mg

Answer: C

Q.115 The Reynolds number widely used to classify flow behavior of fluids is the ratio of which one of the followings?

- (A) Inertial forces to gravitational forces (B) Inertial forces' to viscous forces
(C) Viscous forces to inertial forces (D) Viscous forces to gravitational forces

Answer: B

Q.116 What for the baffles are provided in a shell and tube heat exchanger?

- (A) To increase turbulence (B) To decrease turbulence
(C) To prevent corrosion (D) To increase shell side passes

Answer: A

Q.117 Which statement is FALSE for Association Colloids?

- (A) They are also called amphiphiles (B) They contain aggregated molecules
(C) They show partial solvation (D) They are also called micelles

Answer: C

Q.118 What will be the time required for a drug exhibiting first order rate constant of 4.6/hr to be degraded from initial concentration of 100 mg/ml to 10 mg/ml?

- (A) 2hr (B) 4hr (C) 9 hr (D) 0.5 hr

Answer: D

Q.119 What will be the urine to plasma ratio of a weakly acidic drug having pKa of 5? [urine (pH = 5) plasma (pH = 7)]

- (A) 1 : 101 (B) 1 : 201 (C) 2 : 101 (D) 1 : 202

Answer: B

Q.120 If the distillation graph using McCabe Thiele method is parallel to X-axis, then the feed is which one of the followings?

- (A) Saturated liquid (B) Saturated vapor (C) Superheated liquid (D) Superheated vapor

Answer: A

Q.121 S.O.S means which one of the followings?

- (A) Take occasionally (B) Take immediately (C) Take when necessary (D) Take as directed

Answer: C

Q.122 Which of the followings is NOT a reciprocating pump?

- (A) Plunger pump (B) Diaphragm pump (C) Gear pump (D) Piston pump

Answer: C

Q.123 Hydrogen peroxide solution (20 volumes) is used topically as a mild antiseptic. It is mainly used for cleaning of wounds which could be due to some of the following actions of hydrogen peroxide.

- [P] Astringent action [Q] Nascent hydrogen releasing action
[R] Oxidizing action [S] Mechanical cleansing action

Choose the correct statements- for the use of hydrogen peroxide as cleaning agent for wounds?

- (A) P&R (B) P&Q (C) R&Q (D) R & S

Answer: A

Q.124 Boric acid is a weak acid (pKa 9.19) which cannot be titrated with a standard solution of sodium hydroxide using phenolphthalein as indicator. This titration becomes possible on addition of glycerol due to one of the following reactions. Choose the correct reaction?

- (A) Boric acid becomes boronic acid on reaction with glycerol
(B) Boric acid gives a monoprotic tetravalent boron ester with glycerol
(C) Boric acid gives a tribasic acid on reaction with glycerol
(D) Two boric acid molecules combine to give an anhydride in presence of glycerol

Answer: B

Q.125 A tooth paste contains stannous fluoride and calcium pyrophosphate along with other formulation constituents. Choose the correct statement out of the followings?

- (A) Stannous fluoride is an anticaries agent while calcium pyrophosphate is a dentifrice
(B) Stannous fluoride is a dentifrice while calcium pyrophosphate is a desensitizing agent
(C) Stannous fluoride is a desensitizing agent while calcium pyrophosphate is an anticaries agent
(D) Both are dentifrices while calcium pyrophosphate is additionally a desensitizing agent

Answer: A

Q.126 Magnesium trisilicate is considered to be a better antacid than aluminium hydroxide due to its following additional properties:

[P] It has a fixed chemical composition

[Q] It forms colloidal silicone dioxide

[R] Magnesium ions overcome constipation

[S] Magnesium ions cause higher inhibition of pepsin than aluminium ions Choose the correct combination of statements?

- (A) Q&S (B) R&S (C) P&Q (D) Q&R

Answer: D

Q.127 An iron compound used as heamatinic agent must meet two requirements i.e. it should be biologically available and be non-irritating. Which one of the following compounds meet the above two requirements most closely?

- (A) Ferric chloride (B) Ferric ammonium sulphate
(C) Ferric ammonium citrate (D) Ferrous thioglycollate

Answer: B

Q.128 Diels-Alder reaction can be carried out in which of the following heterocyclic compounds most readily?

- (A) Pyrrole (B) Thiophene (C) Furan (D) Pyridine

Answer: C

Q.129 Determine the correctness or otherwise of the following Assertion [a] and the Reason [r]:

Assertion (a) : Quaternary ammonium phase transfer catalysts can enhance the rate of nucleophilic aliphatic substitution reactions in biphasic systems with water soluble nucleophiles.
Reason (r) : Quaternary ammonium compounds are highly polar, positively charged water soluble compounds.

- (A) Both (a) and (r) are true but (r) is not the correct reason for (a)
- (B) Both (a) and (r) are true and (r) is the correct reason for (a)
- (C) (a) is true (r) is false
- (D) Both (a) and (r) are false

Answer: B

Q.130 Pyridine is more basic than pyrrole. This is due to which of the following facts?

- (A) Lone pair of electrons on N in pyrrole is localized
- (B) Lone pair of electrons on N in pyridine is localized
- (C) Nitrogen of pyrrole has one hydrogen atom attached to it while pyridine does not have any
- (D) Pyridine has three double bonds while pyrrole has only two

Answer: B

Q.131 In nucleophilic aliphatic substitution reactions arrange the following leaving groups in decreasing order of their leaving capacity?

[P] Tosyl [Q] Hydroxyl [R] Chloro [S] Mesyl

- (A) S > R > P > Q (B) P > S > R > Q
- (C) R > Q > S > P (D) R > S > Q > P

Answer: B

Q.132 Which one of the given compounds can be used as primary standard for standardization of perchloric acid solution in non-aqueous titrations?

- (A) Potassium hydrogen phthalate (B) Sodium bicarbonate
- (C) Potassium dihydrogen phosphate (D) Sodium methoxide

Answer: A

Q.133 Following are the desirable properties of the liquid phase used in GLC EXCEPT for one of the followings. Identify that.

- (A) It should be inert to the analyte;
- (B) It should have high viscosity at operating temperature
- (C) It should have low vapour pressure at the operating temperature
- (D) It should have a high resolving power

Answer: B

Q.134 To synthesize sulphonylurea antidiabetics, which of the following reactions can be used?

- (A) Reacting a suitably substituted sulphonyl chloride with a desired urea derivative under basic conditions
- (B) Reacting a suitably substituted sulphonamide with a desired isocyanate derivative
- (C) Reacting a suitably substituted sulphonic acid with a desired isocyanate derivative
- (D) Reacting a suitably substituted sulphoxide with a desired urea derivative

Answer: B

Q.135 In polarography, DME has a number of advantages. One of the advantages is that mercury has large hydrogen overpotential. It means which one of the followings?

- (A) Hydrogen ions get easily reduced on the DIME
- (B) Hydrogen gas gets easily reduced on the DME
- (C) Hydrogen ions require high potential to be reduced at DME
- (D) Water is difficult to get oxidized at DME

Answer: A

Q.136 In HPLC analysis what type of column would you prefer?

- (A) A column with high HETP and high number of plates
- (B) A column with low HETP and low number of plates
- (C) A column with high HETP and low number of plates
- (D) A column with low HETP and high number of plates

Answer: D

Q.137 In an optically active organic compound a chiral carbon has the following attached groups:

- [P] -CO—CH₃
- [Q] -C—OH
- [R] -CH = CH₂
- [S] -C=CH

Using 'Sequence Rules' choose the correct order of priority of the groups?

- (A) Q > P > S > R
- (B) P > Q > R > S
- (C) Q > P > R > S
- (D) P > Q > S > R

Answer: A

Q.138 Which one is an example of a bulk property detector used in HPLC?

- (A) Fluorescence detector
- (B) Photo diode array detector
- (C) Refractive index detector
- (D) UV detector

Answer: C

Q.139 A 250 jig/ml solution of a drug gave an absorbance of 0.500 at 250 nm at a path length of 10 mm. What is the specific absorbance of the drug at 250 nm?

- (A) 0.002 cm⁻¹gm⁻¹litre
- (B) 0.002 cm⁻¹gm⁻¹ dl
- (C) 20 cm⁻¹gm⁻¹ litre
- (D) 20 cm⁻¹gm⁻¹dl

Answer: D

Q.140 Following statements are given for a chemical reaction:

Change in Gibb's free energy of the reaction has a negative value. Change in Enthalpy of the reaction has a negative value Change in Entropy of the reaction has a positive value Based on the above statements choose the correct answer.

- (A) The reaction is spontaneous.
- (B) The reaction is non-spontaneous.
- (C) The reaction could either be spontaneous or non-spontaneous.

(D) The reaction can never be spontaneous.

Answer: A

Q. 141 Which of the following statements is WRONG?

(A) The energy required for removing an electron from a molecule varies in the given order : lone pair < conjugated n < non conjugated n < a

(B) Isotopic ratio is particularly useful for the detection and estimation of number of S, Cl and Br atoms in the compound in MS

(C) Neutral fragments and molecules do not get detected in the detector in MS

(D) The most intense peak in the MS is called the molecular ion peak

Answer: D

Q.142 The protons ortho to the nitro group in p-nitrotoluene are examples of which one of the following types?

(A) Chemically equivalent but magnetically non-equivalent protons

(B) Chemically and magnetically equivalent protons

(C) Chemically and magnetically nonequivalent protons

(D) Chemically nonequivalent but magnetically equivalent protons

Answer: A

Q.143 The peak at m/z 91 in the mass spectrum for alkylbenzenes is due to which one of the followings?

(A) Alpha fission

(B) Mc-Laffartey rearrangement

(C) Retro Diels-Alder rearrangement

(D) Tropylium ion formation

Answer: D

Q.144 Which one of the followings is NOT bioisosteric pair

(A) Divalent ether (-O-) and amine (-N-H)

(B) Hydroxyl (-OH) and thiol (-SH)

(C) Carboxylate (CO₂-) and sulfone (SO₂)

(D) Hydrogen (-H) and fluorine (-F)

Answer: A

Q.145 The catalytic triad in acetylcholinesterase is composed of which of the following amino acid residues?

(A) Serine, Histidine and Glutamate

(B) Serine, Arginine and Glutamate

(C) Threonine, Histidine and Aspartate

(D) Threonine, Arginine and Glutamate

Answer: A

Q.146 Which of the following statements is true?

(A) Aliphatic protons have chemical shifts > 7 ppm

(B) Spin quantum number of proton is 1

(C) Chemical shift describes electronic environment of a proton

(D) Vicinal coupling constant is always higher than geminal coupling constant

Answer: C

Q.147 Beta-Carboline ring system is present in

(A) Emetine (B) Riboflavine (C) Deserpidine (D) d-Tubocurarine

Answer: C

Q.148 Of the four stereoisomers of chloramphenicol which one is the biologically active isomer?

(A) L-Erythro (B) L-Threo (C) D-Erythro (D) D-Threo

Answer: D

Q.149 Fajan's method of titrimetric analysis involves detection of the end point on the basis of which one the followings?

(A) Colour change (B) Appearance of a precipitate (C) Neutralization reaction
(D) Adsorption phenomenon

Answer: A

Q.150 In FT-IR instruments Michaelson interferometer is used in place of grating. The function of the interferometer is to act as a modulator'. What do you understand by this statement?

(A) The function of the interferometer is to act as a monochromator
(B) The function of the interferometer is to convert high frequency radiations into low ones
(C) The function of the interferometer is to convert low frequency radiations into high ones
(D) The function of the interferometer is to convert frequency domain spectra into time domain spectra

Answer:A